


FORM PTO-1390 (REV 11-98)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 14,442	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) 09/402262	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB98/00866		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 3 April 1998 (04/03/1998)		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 3 April 1997 (04/03/1997)	
TITLE OF INVENTION WIRELESS MULTIPLEX DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Jones, Barbara L. and Smith, Paul					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
<p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</p> <p>3. <input type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</p> <p>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</p> <p>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).</p> <p>7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</p> <p>8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</p> <p>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). (unsigned)</p> <p>10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).</p> <p>Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <p>11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</p> <p>12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</p> <p>13. <input type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.</p> <p>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</p> <p>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</p> <p>16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: Form PCT/IB/308 dated 8 October, 1998 (10/08/98) International Search Report Written Opinion Response to Written Opinion International Preliminary Examination Report and Annexes</p>					
I Hereby Certify That This Correspondence Is Being Deposited With The United States Postal Service As Express Mail No. <u>EL 453 823 906 US</u> Addressed To: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C.					
20231 On <u>10/1/99</u>					
Date <u>10/1/99</u> <u>Jane Prigulov</u>					

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17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)): Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO. \$970.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$840.00 International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$760.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$670.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$96.00 ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: left;">CALCULATIONS</th> <th style="text-align: left;">PTO USE ONLY</th> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)). </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> \$ 840 </td> </tr> </table> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">CLAIMS</th> <th style="width: 20%;">NUMBER FILED</th> <th style="width: 20%;">NUMBER EXTRA</th> <th style="width: 20%;">RATE</th> <th style="width: 10%;">\$</th> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> </tr> <tr> <td>Total claims</td> <td>25 - 20 =</td> <td>5</td> <td>X \$18.00</td> <td>\$</td> <td>90</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Independent claims</td> <td>4 - 3 =</td> <td>1</td> <td>X \$78.00</td> <td>\$</td> <td>78</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)</td> <td>+ \$260.00</td> <td>260</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,268</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. A Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: right;">SUBTOTAL =</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,268</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,268</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property</td> <td>+</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,268</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" rowspan="2"></td> <td style="text-align: right;">Amount to be:</td> <td>\$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">refunded</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4"></td> <td style="text-align: right;">charged</td> <td>\$</td> </tr> </table>		CALCULATIONS		PTO USE ONLY	Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).		\$ 840	CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$		Total claims	25 - 20 =	5	X \$18.00	\$	90	Independent claims	4 - 3 =	1	X \$78.00	\$	78	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)				+ \$260.00	260	TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$	1,268	Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. A Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				\$		SUBTOTAL =				\$	1,268	Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$		TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$	1,268	Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property				+		TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$	1,268					Amount to be:	\$	refunded						charged	\$
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WIRELESS MULTIPLEX DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

This invention relates to a method and apparatus for wireless transmission of data through a communications channel comprising at least two local data sensors and a data processing function to receive data from the local sensors. A non-limiting example of the application of the method is in the field of automotive diagnostic equipment and related automotive service equipment. A particularly practical application of the invention is to noise vibration harshness (NVH) analysis of automotive and other machines to enable two or three-dimensional location pinpointing of vibration sources, for example in automotive warranty investigations and indeed in many other machine applications. Further examples of the application of the invention arise in relation to business operations for the wireless transmission of data, for example, across a room.

The invention also provides a method and apparatus for vibrational analysis of a machine or other article permitting three-dimensional positional co-ordinate identification of a source of vibration.

In this specification and the claims, references to local data sensors are to be interpreted in accordance with the following, namely that the sensors may transmit raw data for subsequent processing or one or more of these may incorporate some degree of primary data processing whereby the data received at the main processor is partially or totally pre-processed or indeed raw data.

In the field of automotive diagnostics and servicing there has been for a good many years a requirement for a step forward in terms of the transmission of diagnostic and servicing data from

data sensors to a data processing function which operates to analyse and/or display the corresponding data for use by a person carrying out servicing and/or diagnostic functions on a motor vehicle.

5 Conventionally, the data is transmitted from the data sensors to the data processing function via conventional conductors or cables which impose obvious inconveniences and limitations on the convenient operation of the equipment. Attempts have been made
10 to reduce these drawbacks in several ways. Firstly, various proposals have been made to simplify the use of cable connectors as such. For example, one proposal in this regard provides for a system in which a boom-mounted data-handling sub-unit is conveniently
15 manoeuvrable to a location close to the automotive sensors and is thus linked to them by relatively short cable connections. This arrangement undoubtedly does reduce somewhat the inconvenience of the cable connection systems but by no means eliminates it.

20 Various attempts have been made to achieve effective wireless transmission of data between automotive data sensors and a corresponding data-processing and/or display function but these have been relatively unsuccessful. The main shortcoming of such
25 prior proposals has been the sheer volume of data, and the composite nature of the data (such as a mixture of data types eg digital and analogue). A further factor among the shortcomings of these prior proposals is also the composite nature of the data bandwidths to be
30 transmitted. Such data needs to be transmitted and has conventionally been handled by a harness of 12 or more conduction cables. By adopting conventional wireless transmission systems for such data
35 communication there is immediately a problem of excessive bandwidth requirements arising from the fact that some at least of the data sensors for this

automotive application produce high data rates necessitating corresponding band widths to accommodate them. This does not apply to all the sensors. Comparable considerations apply to certain business applications where data is transmitted across a room or other relatively short transmission route.

Accordingly, we have identified a requirement for a method and apparatus for the wireless transmission of data through a communications channel from at least two local data sensors with optional primary data processing, to a data processing function, offering improvements in relation to prior proposals in this field, notably in relation to the bandwidth requirement and/or related functions attendant on the simultaneous transmission of data from a multiplicity of such local sensors.

There is disclosed in EP 0 483 549A2 (IBM CORP) a control method and apparatus for a wireless data link, for example, from a handheld workstation which is bidirectionally coupled to a base station through an infrared carrier. A robust control channel is provided separate from a data channel. The modulators employ on/off pulsing, multi-carrier modulation or direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Each mobile unit is assigned an identifier or address and the system claims to overcome the problem of establishing and maintaining high bandwidth communication by separating the control channel from the data channel whereby the control channel bandwidths can be made significantly smaller.

In WO 89/09522 there is disclosed a method for allocating bandwidths in a broadband packet switching network using a set of parallel packet channels that act as a single data link connection between packet switches. Bandwidth is initially allocated to particular channel groups (at initial circuit set-up

times) and to individual channels within the groups (at transmission times) so as to increase throughput and reduce packet loss. For bursty traffic, the use of channel groups reduces the packet loss by several orders of magnitude.

5 EP 0 515 728A2 relates to a wireless indoor relay system. AU-A-18143/88 relates to a wireless data transmission link and notably a protocol for establishing a duplex link between first and second data link devices.

Other known references include:

10 GB 2295070
 EP 0483549
 EP 0268492
 US 5509013
 US 5448759
15 US 5363370

US 4,738,133 discloses a system for wireless transmission of multiplexed data from a plurality of transducers.

20 US 5,509,013 discloses a multiplexer control system for multiplexing the data from a plurality of input channels having different transmission speeds.

25 DE 4106572 discloses a system for contact-free measurement of object oscillations by directing laser light onto the object and detecting reflected light at plural spaced sensing heads so as to locate the point on the object from which the reflections are emanating.

30 According to the invention there is provided a method and apparatus for wireless transmission of data through a communications channel between at least two local data sensors with optional primary data processing and a data processing function, as defined in the accompanying claims.

35 In a described embodiment, there is provided a method and apparatus in which the step of multiplexing division of the communications channel is effected asymmetrically, whereby the data carrying capacities of the sub-channels are unequal. Likewise in the embodiment, the data rates required for data transmission from the local sensors

4a

differs substantially between the at least two sensors.
Likewise also in the embodiment, the step of allocating
data from the local data sensors to the data transmission
5 sub-channels is effected in accordance with the data-
carrying capacities of these sub-channels. In this way
there is achieved within a

AMENDED SHEET

communications channel, the economical use of the available bandwidth whereby the allocation of bandwidth corresponds with the band width requirements of the individual data sensors. Thus, in the case of a sensor sensing data relating to ignition events which occur at a relatively high speed and thus require a corresponding significant allocation of bandwidth for satisfactory transmission, such is provided, whereas in the case of a sensor sensing alternator voltage (to take a simple example) the required that transmission rate is smaller by many orders of magnitude and likewise the corresponding bandwidth requirements.

Whereas prior proposals in relation to data transmission for automotive and related systems (in which data sensors produce substantially differing data rates) have ignored or overlooked these differing data rate requirements, with the result that the use of equal bandwidth sub-channels has led to a non-utilisation of sub-channel bandwidths for significant numbers of sensors whereby the overall utilisation of data transmission capacity allocated to the communications system has been very far from perfect.

In accordance with the embodiments of the invention, the use of a system in which data is fed via a "multiplexing" control system which allocates data to sub-channels in accordance with the actual data rate requirement of the individual data flow, each such data flow is thereby far more closely matched to the available capacity of its sub-channel and the twin evils of sub-channel under-utilisation and under-capacity (for a given data flow) are thereby avoided.

In one significant embodiment, the multiplex control system divides the communications channel on a frequency basis and allocates the data streams from

the sensors to the frequency sub-channels accordingly.

In another important embodiment, the multiplexing control system divides the data communication channel on a time-division basis and likewise divides the data streams accordingly.

The reference above to "multiplexing" has been adopted to draw attention to the fact that references in this specification and in the claims to "multiplexing" are intended not to be limited strictly to non time-overlap or signal-chopping systems (such as would be obtained with a distinct signal-chopping technique). The term "multiplexing" in this description and the claims includes the provision of multiplexing systems which are adapted to effect multiplexing on an interdigitated and non-chopping data-allocation basis in which a degree of data element transmission time-overlap between channels is permitted. The data allocation systems for data-division between available channels can be readily designed accordingly by the technically skilled person so as to, in this way, more readily meet the technical parameters imposed on the system, as described below.

In a yet further embodiment, the multiplexing system achieves its channel division on a packet-switching basis and the interleaved data packets are distributed on an unsymmetrical basis.

In the embodiment, there is provided a radio frequency data rate of 1 to 4 Mb (megabits) per second. The multi-channel system can accommodate the requirements eg for the transmission of data for operating an oscilloscope system for engine analysis.

While the described embodiments utilise radio frequency transmission, the principles of the invention may well be applicable outside radio frequencies.

An important aspect of the invention relates to

vibrational analysis of machines and other articles and products and systems. In accordance with this aspect of the invention a vibration sensor, for example an NVH (noise vibration harshness) sensor is mechanically coupled to the machine or other article to three-dimensionally locate a source of vibration in a machine or system. Such a sensor may be just one of the local sensors in the wireless transmission system of the other embodiments, or it may be provided with its own cable or other transmission channel for its vibration signals.

In order to three-dimensionally locate a source of vibration, the vibration signals are monitored at three or more positionally-defined locations of the sensor. In the preferred embodiment the sensor is provided with its own three-dimensional location or co-ordinate-defining system (utilising spaced infra-red sensors), so that the sensor's location at any given time is readily defined. Alternatively, the sensor may be caused to sense at three known locations, or three sensors may be provided, one each at three such locations.

Embodiments of the invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig 1 shows a functionality block diagram for a high speed RF data link, including both the frequency multiplexing system (of Figs 2 and 3) and the time-division multiplexing system (of Figs 4 and 5 hereof);

Figs 2 and 3 show block diagrams of the transmitter and receiver functions of the system of Fig 1 as it applies to a frequency multiplexing system;

Figs 4 and 5 show block diagrams of the transmitter and receiver functions of the system of Fig 1 as they apply to a time-division multiplexing system; and

Fig 6 shows a three-dimensional representation of a further embodiment in which a local vibration sensor has its own three-dimensional imaging or location system whereby the single sensor can rapidly positionally locate a source of vibration.

As shown in Fig 1, a system 10 for wireless transmission of data through a communications channel 12 between local data sensors 14, 16, 18, 20 and 22, and a data-processing function or personal computer 24, to receive data therefrom, comprises the following main elements.

Firstly, as regards the local data sensors 14 to 22, as shown these comprise an engine tester 14, a gas bench 16, a scanner 18 and auxiliary sensors indicated as Aux 1 and Aux 2. These sensors are intended to be representative of the entire range of automotive sensors which are currently utilised for diagnostic and servicing processes, including for example vibration sensors (for RPM testing) ignition and alternator ripple sensors (likewise for RPM measurement), emissions analysis sensors, battery analysis sensors and the like.

Indicated at 26 is the remote receive/transmit unit to which the individual sensors 14 to 22 are connected. The duplex (transmit/receive) operating characteristics of this unit arise from the need for the return transmission of data from the data processing function 24 for set-up purposes.

Broadly, the system comprises antennae 28, 30 connected to receive/transmit functions 32 and 34 within remote unit 26. Likewise, a receive/transmit unit or function 36 is provided for PC 24. A receive buffer 38 and a controller 40 serve to interconnect the transmit and receive functions 34, 32 to a series of RS-232 interfaces 42 to 50, each connected to its respective one of the local sensors 14 to 22.

Interfaces 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 are serial interfaces providing for serial communication between the sensor and the receive/transmit function 32, 34 via buffer 38 and controller 40. Interface 42 is a high speed serial interface. Interfaces 44, 46, 48 and 50 are RS-232 interfaces. Interfaces 44, 46 are designated in Fig 1 as "UART1" and "UART2", referring to their function as universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter devices (or interfaces) for serial transmission of data. Receive buffer 38 and controller 40 provide data processing functions relevant to the inflow and outflow of data for the duplex operating characteristics of system 10 as will be more fully described below in relation to Figs 2, 3, 4 and 5. Accordingly, the details of these aspects of the system 10 will now be described further with reference to Figs 2, 3, 4 and 5.

As shown in Figs 2 and 3, the RX buffer 38 and controller 40 provide data processing/signal conditioning functions to be more fully described below.

As shown in Fig 2, inputs from the individual sensors 14 to 22 are indicated at 52 and 54 which are marked "Sensor 1" and "Sensor 16" to indicate that the system can accommodate 16 individual inputs.

The main function of controller 40 is to provide a multiplexing function whereby communication channel 12 is divided into 16 sub-channels on a frequency basis; these channels being of unequal band width and being allocated according to band width (more band width for greater band width requirement) to the individual data channels 1 to 16.

Interfaces 42 to 50 in Fig 1 provide the signal conditioning function indicated in Fig 2 at 56. The functions of controller 40 are shown as divided into functions 58, 60 and 62, namely voltage frequency

conversion, secondary (low frequency) frequency conversion and sub-channel combination respectively. Each function operates in relation to all 16 sub-channels.

5 The sub-channel combination function at 62 produces a serial data stream which is fed to the RF transmitter function 34 and thus to the helical or other suitable antenna 28.

10 A further function of controller 40 is to append the relevant sub-channel number to each sub-channel of raw data so that this data stream can be routed to the relevant virtual serial port of PC 24 after radio transmission between antennae 28 and 30.

15 In this embodiment, the multiplexing sub-division of the data communication channel is provided on a frequency basis, whereas in the embodiment of Fig 4 the multiplexing is effected on a time-division basis.

20 As shown in Fig 3, RX buffer 38 provides the related inverse functions for signals received via antenna 28 and receiver functions 32. These functions are indicated at 64 and 66 and 68 and correspond, respectively, with the functions 62, 60 and 58 respectively in Fig 2. No further description is therefore deemed necessary.

25 In operation, data from sensor 14 to 22 (or indeed from the 16 sensors indicated in Fig 2) is processed in accordance with the functions 56, 58, 60 and 62 as shown in Fig 2. The data streams are allocated to the 16 sub-channels indicated diagrammatically at 64 in Fig 2. The allocation is effected in accordance with the known data rate requirements of the individual sensors, according to their known uses. In general terms, the band width of each sub-channel is matched to comfortably accommodate
30 the data rate requirements of its respective data stream, but without the over-provision which tends to

occur in certain cases with conventional use of conventional data transmission equipment.

Turning now to the time-division embodiment of Fig 4, parts corresponding to those described above in relation to Figs 2 and 3 are numbered accordingly in Fig 4.

In Fig 4, the signal conditioning function 56 corresponds to that provided by the serial interfaces 42 to 50 in Fig 1. However, in this embodiment the controller function 40 differs from that of Fig 2 in being a time-division based function (utilising a 16-way switch function 66 to provide the time-based multiplexing function corresponding to the frequency-based multiplexing of Figs 2 and 3). A 12 bit analogue-to-digital conversion function 68 processes data from switch function 66 and is linked to a microcontroller 70 (an asynchronous PIC 16C54 communications element) coupled to RF transmitter 34. Microcontroller 70 provides at 72 a control signal to switch 66 in accordance with the time-based multiplexing function which controls the sub-channel data capacities in accordance with the required data rates of the sensor input. A related control function 74 is provided to ADC converter 68.

As shown in Fig 5, the data processing function 24 in Fig 1 receives data via antenna 30 and receiver 36 through a decoding function 76 shown in Fig 5 and comprising a microcontroller 78 corresponding to microcontroller 70 which feeds data via a digital-to-analogue converter 80 to workstation of PC 24. The microcontroller 78 produces a channel message 82 for the workstation enabling same to allocate the decoded data stream to respective virtual serial ports set up in the PC for data analysis and display purposes.

This embodiment allocates data streams to respective data channels on the same principle

described above but on a time-division basis instead of a frequency-division basis.

5 In a further embodiment, not shown, in which a packet-switching data transmission technique is employed, the allocation of data streams to packets is effected asynchronously in accordance with the matching of data rate to sub-channel capacity discussed above, thereby producing the corresponding asymmetrical interleaving of the data packets.

10 In the frequency-multiplexed embodiment of Figs 2 and 3, a modification may be employed whereby spread spectrum frequency division is utilised thereby reducing or eliminating the requirement to label the sub-channels by means of identifying data.

15 Amongst other modifications which could be made in the above embodiment are the following. Firstly, it is to be understood that the local sensors may be adapted to produce analogue signals or digital signals. Usually, analogue signals will be produced and conversion to digital will be effected in the data-processing stage. Nevertheless, it may be beneficial for certain applications or in the future to employ sensors producing digital signals, and in some cases both digital and analogue-type sensors
20 could be employed, these transmitting their data through their respective sub-channels. Secondly, it is to be understood that while the invention has been discussed and defined by reference to specific sub-channels and the allocation of data from sensors to respective ones of these, it is to be understood that
25 a sensor producing a high data-rate may for that purpose have allocated to it a number of sub-channels or thus a group of sub-channels accordingly.

30 Turning now to the embodiment of Fig 6, this shows a system 100 for vibrational analysis of an automotive vehicle 102 to enable three-dimensional

location or co-ordinate-identification of a source of vibration. Thus, the apparatus of Fig 6 may be employed for rapidly enabling location of squeaks or rattles or more serious vibrational symptoms.

5 For this purpose there is provided a local vibration sensor 104 which forms one local sensor of an embodiment of the invention described above and thus is provided with a link (not shown) to the wireless transmission system of the preceding
10 embodiments. Alternatively, the sensor 104 may be provided with its own dedicated vibrational analysis system (not shown) in the case where it is desired to use it as a stand-alone system.

Incorporated as part of the local vibration
15 sensor unit 104 is a three-dimensional location positional transmitter 106 having three spaced-apart infra-red light emitting diodes (LEDs) 108, 110, 112.

Transmitter 106 forms part of a three-dimensional optical localisation system 114. Such systems are
20 available from Image Guided Technologies Inc of Boulder, Colorado, USA. Technology of this kind is described in US 5,622,170 (Schulz/Image Guided Technologies Inc).

System 114 comprises a moveable three-dimensional
25 positional receiver 116 having infra-red LEDs 118, 120, 122 adapted to communicate with the LEDs 108, 110, 112. Receiver 116 communicates with personal computer 124 and with a positional interface 126 and a sensor interface 128, performing decoding functions.

30 The three-dimensional optical localisation system 114 enables the co-ordinate location of vibration sensor 104 at any given time to be readily identified.

As a result, the single sensor 104 can be
35 monitored at three or more locations while its vibration signals are likewise monitored in accordance with the procedures of the preceding embodiments,

enabling the source of a vibration signal within vehicle 102 to be identified in terms of its co-ordinate location.

CLAIMS

1 A method of wireless transmission of data in digital
and/or analogue format through a communications channel
5 (72) from at least two local data sensors (14, 16) to a
data processing means (24), said method comprising the
step of division of said channel into sub-channels and
transmitting said data from said data sensors respectively
through said sub-channels accordingly;

10 characterised by

a) said step of division of said communications
channel being effected asymmetrically whereby the data
carrying capacities of said sub-channels are unequal; and

b) the data rate required for data transmission from
15 said local sensors differing substantially between said at
least two sensors; and

c) allocating data from said local data sensors to
respective ones or groups of said sub-channels [being
effected] in accordance with the data carrying capacities
20 of said sub-channels.

2 A method according to claim 1 characterised by said
step of division being effected on a frequency basis.

25 3 A method according to claim 1 characterised by said
step of division being effected on a time-division basis.

4 A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3
characterised by said step of division being adapted to
30 effect said division on an interdigitated non-chopping
data-allocation basis in which a degree of data element
transmission time overlap between channels is permitted.

5 A method according to claim 1 characterised by said
35 step of division being effected by packet-switching of data
from said local data sensors, and interleaving said data
packet with an unsymmetrical packet distribution.

6 A method according to any one of claims 1 to 5
characterised by said data processing means comprising a
host PC (24) having a series of virtual serial ports, and
5 said method comprising allocating each of said sub-channels
to a corresponding one of said virtual serial ports.

7 A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6
characterised by said local sensors comprising automotive
10 diagnostic and/or servicing sensors and said wireless
transmission of data being effected at radio frequencies.

8 A method according to any one of claims 1 to 7
characterised by at least one of said local sensors (14)
15 also providing a primary data-processing function.

9 A method according to any one of claims 1 to 8
characterised by said local sensors comprising vibration
sensor means (104) adapted to sense machine vibration, and
20 said method comprising transmitting said data therefrom.

10 A method according to claim 9 characterised by the
step of using as said sensors, sensors (104) adapted to
provide vibration data permitting noise vibration harshness
25 (NVH) analysis of the data.

11 A method according to claim 10 characterised by at
least three of said sensors being such NVH sensors, and the
method comprising employing said sensors at
30 three-dimensionally spaced locations to identify the
location or co-ordinates of a source of vibration.

12 A method according to claim 9 or claim 10
characterised by said vibration sensor means further
35 comprising three-dimensional location sensing means (106)
and the method comprising the step of using said sensor to
sense vibrations at three dimensionally-spaced locations in

sequence, and using said three-dimensional location sensing means to identify the location or co-ordinates of said three spaced locations so as to identify the location or co-ordinates of a source of vibration.

5

13 Apparatus for wireless transmission of data in digital and/or analogue format through a communications channel (12) from at least two local data sensors (14, 16) to a data processing means (24), the apparatus comprising a
10 multiplexer (62) adapted to effect division of said communications channel into sub-channels, and a transmitter (34) adapted to transmit said data through said sub-channels accordingly;

characterised by

15

a) said multiplexer being adapted to divide said communications channel asymmetrically whereby the data carrying capacities of said sub-channels are unequal; and

20

b) control means (40) adapted to allocate data from said local data sensors to respective ones or groups of said communications sub-channels in accordance with substantially different data rate requirements from said local sensors.

25

14 Apparatus according to claim 13 characterised by said multiplexer being adapted to effect said multiplexing on a frequency basis.

30

15 Apparatus according to claim 13 characterised by said multiplexer being adapted to effect said multiplexing on a time-division basis.

35

16 Apparatus according to any one of claims 13 to 15 characterised by said multiplexer being adapted to effect said multiplexing on an interdigitated non-chopping data-allocation basis in which a degree of data element transmission time-overlap between channels is permitted.

AMENDED SHEET

17 Apparatus according to claim 13 characterised by said multiplexer being adapted to effect packet-switching of data from said local sources and to interleave said data packets with an unsymmetrical packet distribution.

5

18 Apparatus according to any one of claims 13 to 17 characterised by said data processing function comprising a host PC (24) having a series of virtual serial ports, and said control means being adapted to allocate each of said sub-channels to a respective one of said virtual ports.

10

19 Apparatus according to any one of claims 13 to 18 characterised by at least one of said local sensors (14) being adapted to provide a primary data-processing function.

15

20 Apparatus according to claim 19 characterised by said local sensors comprising vibration sensor means (104) adapted to sense machine vibration whereby said apparatus can transmit said vibration data from said vibration sensing means.

20

21 Apparatus according to claim 20 characterised by said local data sensors comprising sensors adapted to provide vibration data permitting noise vibration harshness (NVH) data for analysis thereof.

25

22 Apparatus according to claim 21 characterised by said local data sensors comprising at least three or more such NVH sensors whereby said sensors can be located at three-dimensionally spaced locations to provide data enabling identification of the location or co-ordinates of the source of a vibration in a machine.

30

23 Apparatus according to claim 20 or claim 21 characterised by said vibration sensor means further comprising three-dimensional location sensing means (106)

35

whereby said vibration sensor means can sense vibrations at three-dimensionally-spaced locations in sequence and said three-dimensional location sensing means can identify the co-ordinates or locations of said three locations so as to enable identification of the location or co-ordinates of a source of vibration.

24 A method for vibration analysis of a machine or other article comprising:

- 10 a) providing a vibration sensor (104);
- b) causing said sensor to sense vibrations;
- c) analysing signals produced by said sensor;
- characterised by
- d) providing said sensor with three-dimensional
- 15 location sensing means (106);
- e) causing said vibration sensor to be mechanically coupled to the machine or other article to sense vibrations at three-dimensionally-spaced locations and using said three-dimensional location sensing means to
- 20 determine the co-ordinates of said three locations; and
- f) identifying the location or co-ordinates of a source of vibration accordingly.

25 Apparatus for vibration analysis of a machine or other article comprising:

- 25 a) a vibration sensor (104) adapted to sense vibrations at chosen locations; and
- b) analysis means (124) adapted to analyse signals produced by said sensor;
- 30 characterised by
- c) said vibration sensor being adapted to be mechanically coupled to the machine or other article and further comprising three-dimensional location sensing means (106);
- 35 d) whereby said single sensor can be caused to sense vibrations at three-dimensionally spaced locations at which said three-dimensional location sensing means can identify

the co-ordinate locations thereof whereby the corresponding co-ordinates of a source of vibration can be determined.

AMENDED SHEET

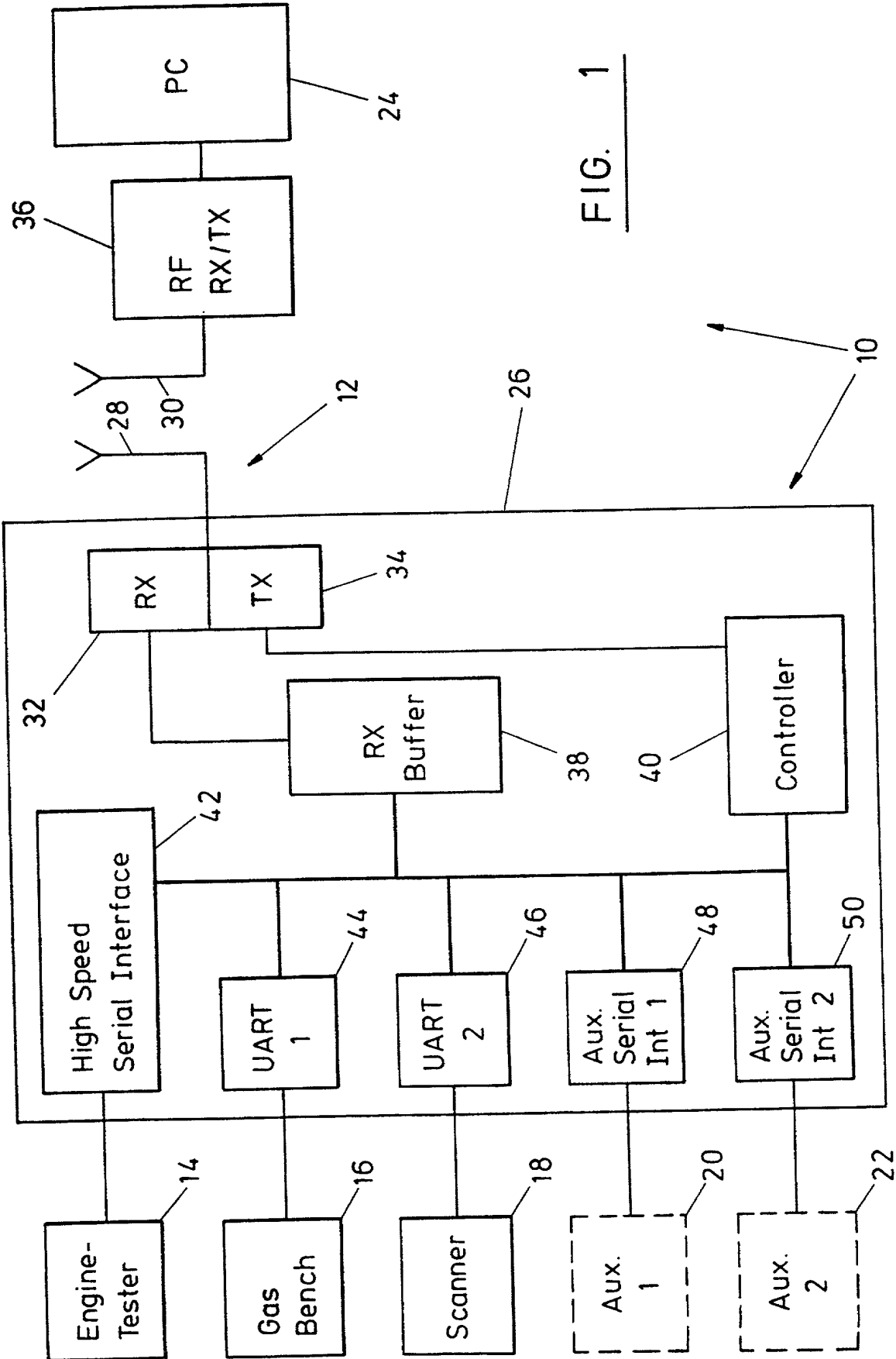


FIG. 1

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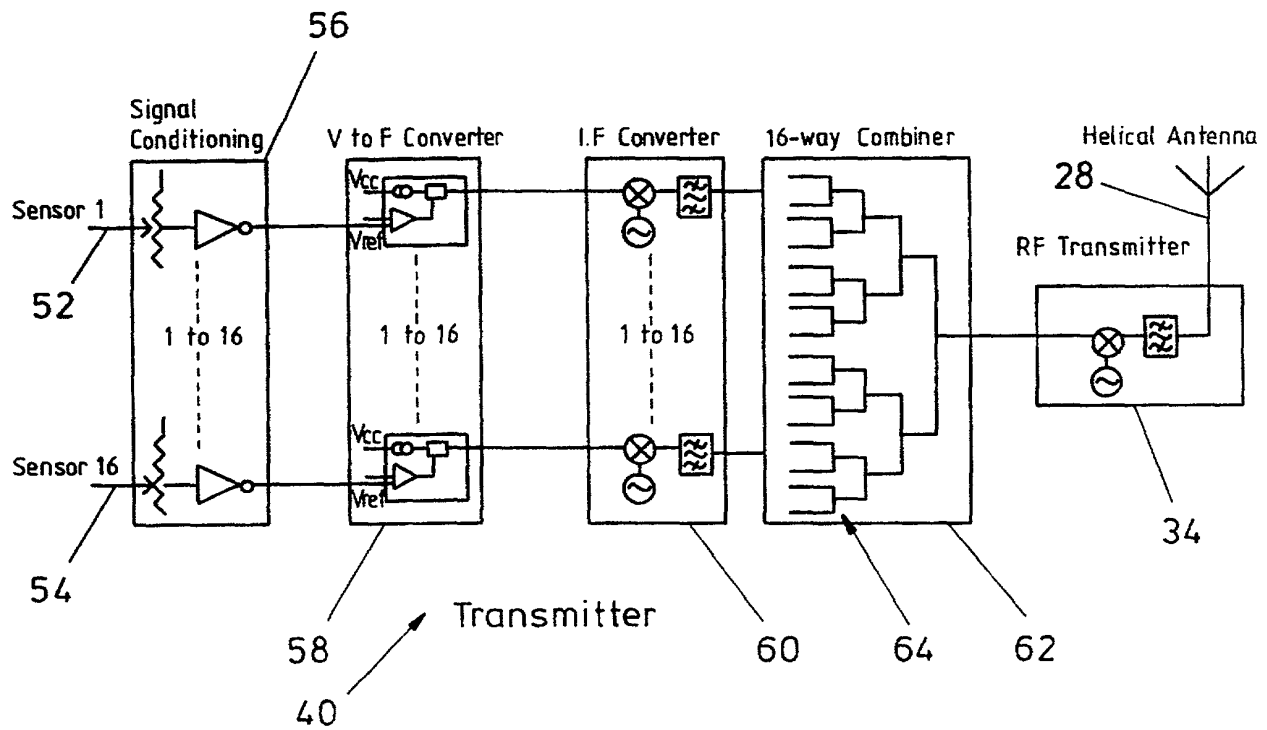


FIG. 2

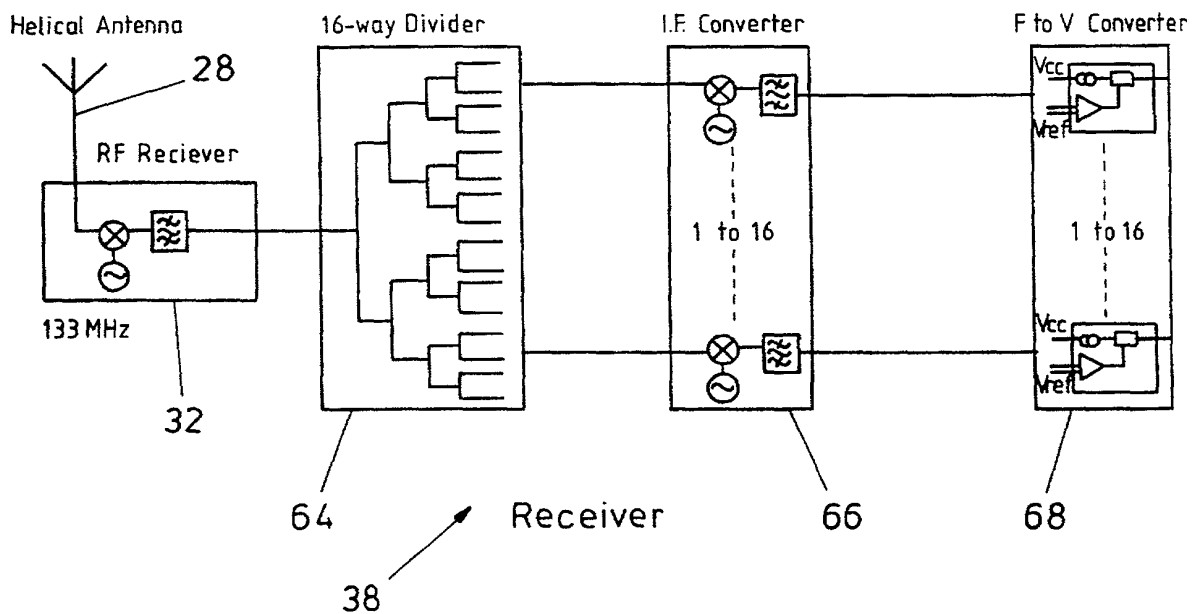


FIG. 3

3/4

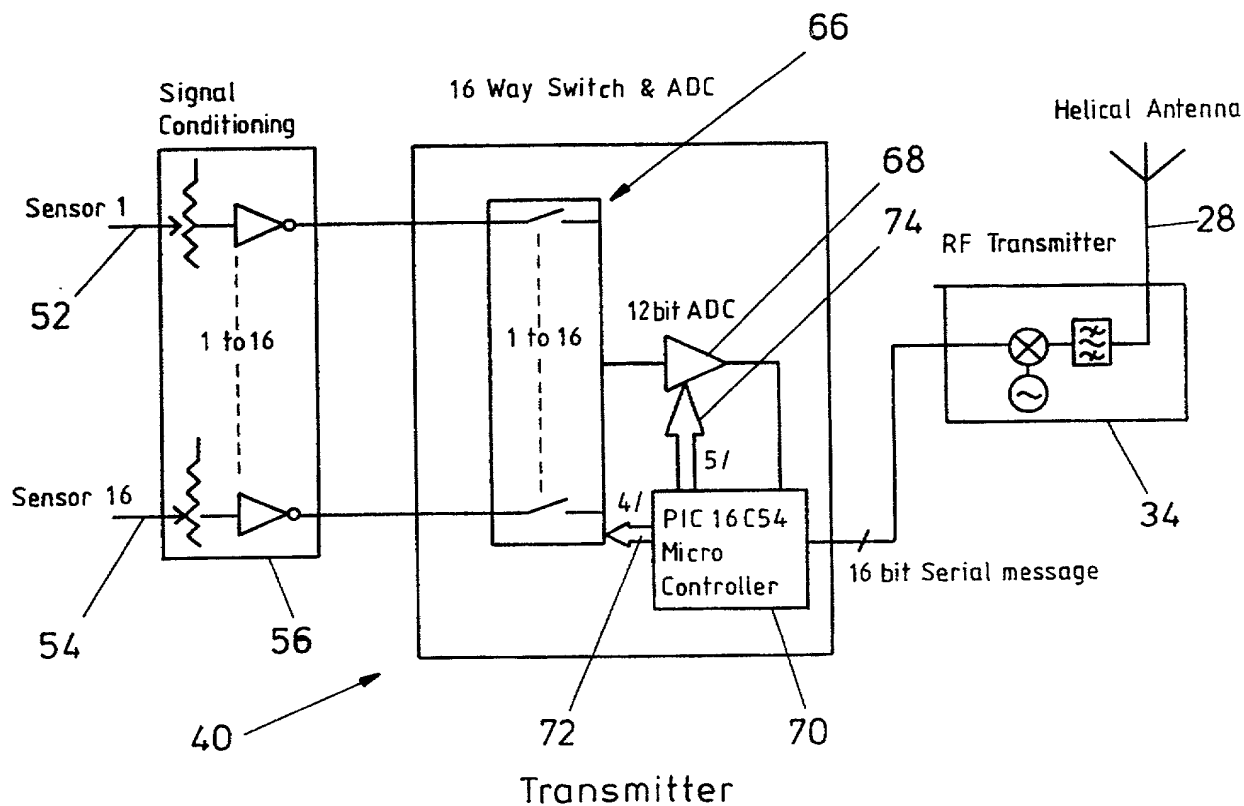


FIG. 4

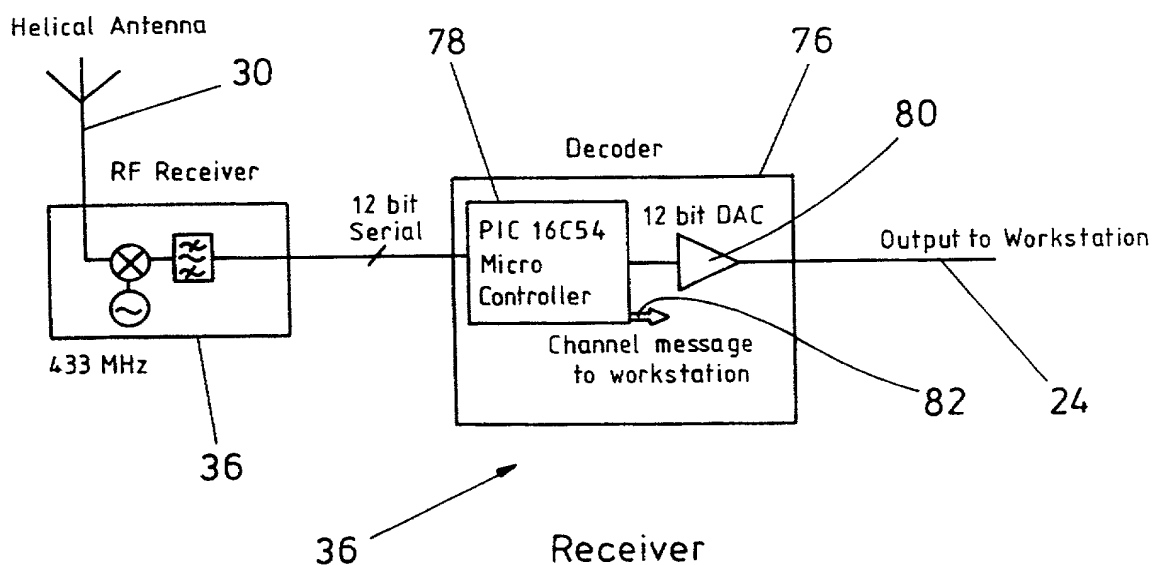


FIG. 5

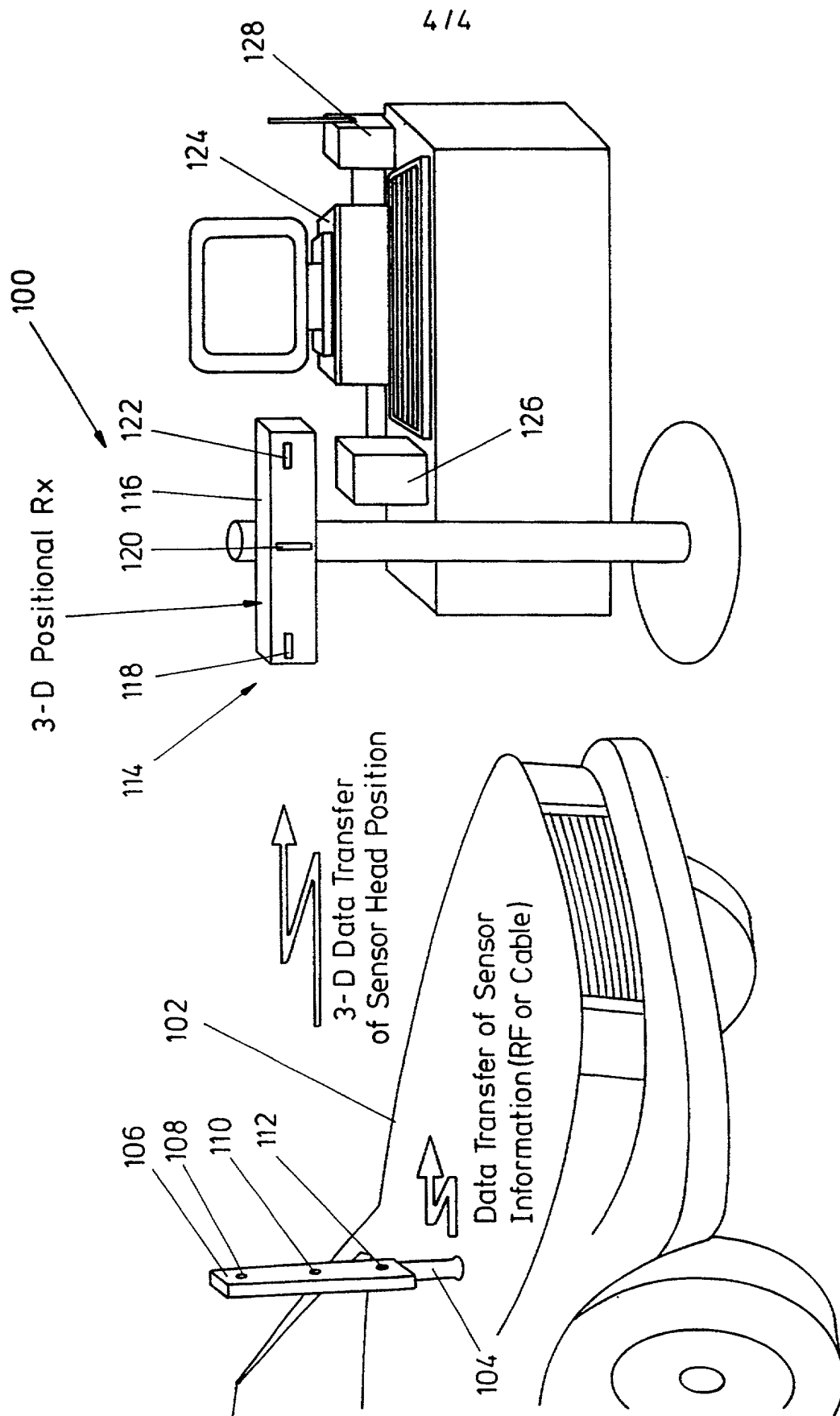


FIG. 6

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DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63)

☒ Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR ☐ Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)

Attorney Docket Number	14,442
First Named Inventor	Jones, Barbara L.
COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
Application Number	/
Filing Date	
Group Art Unit	
Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

WIRELESS MULTIPLEX DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

the specification of which (Title of the invention)

☐ is attached hereto OR☒ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) 04/03/1998 as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number PCT/GB98/00866 and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) 04/17/1999 (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
9706797.9	GB	3 April 1997 (04/03/1997)	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	YES <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 115(a) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

(Page 1 of 2)

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Annex US.III: page 2

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DECLARATION — Utility or Design Patent Application

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120 of any United States application(s) or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number

Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

Parent Patent Number (if applicable)

PCT/GB98/00866

3 April 1998
(04/03/1998)
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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☐ A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

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DECLARATION

ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S)
Supplemental Sheet
Page 1 of 1

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